# National Self Teacher mporw UKULELE 

By WILL D.MOYER

The facinating instrument is very easy to play and with a little study and practice the student will obtain surprising results in a short time. There are several methods of performing upon the instrument all of which will be fully explained. The finger style similar to the banjo and guitar the pick or mandolin style and the strumming of chords for various accompanjments.
The strings should be of gut - violin first and second strings are best. The cut on this page will show (by consulting the numbers at the bridge) the way of numbering the strings. On all small stringed instruments the first string is the string on the right hand side when the instrument is in playing position.
The strings are named (consult cut) A. D. F, sharp. B. The A is 4 th, D is 3rd, F sharp is 2nd and B is 1 st string.
Directions for tuning:- Tune the A or 4 th to A on piano, organ or pitch pipe. Hold the string so tuned down firmly at the 5 th fret and tune the $D$ or 3rd string one octave below the tone obtained by pickingi the a string. Tune the 2 d string to the 4 th fret on the 3 rd string and tune the first string to the fifth fret on the second string. A little practice will teach one how to tune. Be careful not to turn the pegs to far as the strings are easily broken if to much pressure is used.
Each fret measures $\frac{1}{2}$ tone and the left hand fingers are used to stop these. The student should know the names of the lines and spaces of the treble cleff which is the clef used. Memorize these


The scale shows the range of notes on the average Ukulele which is all the, student


A sharp \# raises a note ${ }^{1 / 2}$ tone A flat b lowers"
 forms of time

whole, half, quarter, eighth, sixteenth
Lesson to learn the open strings.
Refer to the diagram for the position of


A D F F B The first style of executing will be the guitar or banjo style with the thumb and first and second fingers. X denotes thumb - thus means play the A or fourth string with thumb.

Use fingers of right hand as indicated.


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Easy Chords and Modulations for Hawaiian Ukulele.





Key of D
The numerals indicate fingers of left thand.


Key of B Minor





E Minor


Key of A


Modulation key of $\mathbf{G}$

## Lesson on open strings continued.



Lesson in picking two strings simultaneous.


Tune on the $B$ or 1st string.-


Pick every thing with 2nd finger.
Yankee Doodle on B and F\# string.


Melody using 1st, 2nd and 3rd strings


Melody in $3 / 4$ or waltz time.-Key of C.


Do not confuse the $F$ with the $F$ 苐 played on 3 dret of $D$ string, played open $\# d$


Easy March Key of D-2 sharps


## A Chord Exercise in D_



Ukule1e Dance
Strike the chords with the tip of the finger.


Exercise in Stroke Playing

$V$ is down stroke of the finger strike with nail.
$\Lambda$ is up stroke of the finger. Strike rapidly down and up the following exercises.


The stroke is used very extensively in stunning accompaniments to songs, etc.

## Fairy Mazurka

Directions for playing first and second endings, Play to the $\quad$ ? Strike downward with first finger


Below will be found some diagrams to assist in forming the above chords. Place fingers on the frets indicated by the dots.


In the last chord see diagram- there are four strings played and only three notes in the music. That is because the $\mathbf{B}$ is played on two different strings as shown in the diagram. The second fret on the fourth string being the same B as the open B.

## A lesson in time. Count 4 to each measure. Count as indicated.



Two eighth notes being equal to one quarter get one count. The half notes two counts. The rests used are quarter rests, equal to one count.
Study these first pages carefully and learn the chords as given in the diagrams. These should be memorized as they are used often in other lessons.
*This A, can be played open 4 th string and 3 d fret on the 2 d string - both being picked together, producing one of the effects which is characteristic of the Ukulele.


## Exercise- Finger stroke



The chords are illustrated in the diagrams. Strike the chords with a down stroke of the first finger, using the back of the finger nail. The B flat introduced in the 4th measure is played on the first fret. A flat lowers a note one fret while a sharp raises it one fret. $B$ being on the second fret would be flatted on the first fret. A note on the third fret would be flatted on the second fret etc. A note on the second fret would be sharped on the third fret-a note on the third fret would be sharped on the fourth, etc.etc.

To sharp open strings play the first fret.


Showing how sharps are played.


Showing position of flat


Chords Key of $G$. with diagrams


Waltz Movement


In counting time the best results are obtained by counting aloud. Count three to each measure in $3 / 4$ and $3 / 8$ time. $3 / 4$ time has three quarter or fourth notes in each measure and $3 / 8$ time has three eighth notes in each measure with one count to each eighth, two counts to each quarter and three counts to a dotted quarter. See example following.

Lesson in $3 / 8$ time



Hawaian Waltz:-A dandy waltz
In this waltz play the eighth notes where chords occur with down and up stroke of the


Exercise in stroke playing. Strike with first finger down and up rapidly.


A chord or note with a dash across the stem is struck down and up.
p.

## Blue Bells of Scotland

劳
 Jesus Lover of My Soul

 (戠) "

Alternate Picking


Pick with first and second fingers - Alternately


Practice the alternate fingering until able to move the fingers rapidly in succession. This is very effective.

# Soft Music is Stealing. <br> Waltz 





The following solo is all played on the second and fourth strings which produce one of the prettiest combinations to be found upon any instrument.
The two examples show where to find the notes on both strings.


Hunting Song.


Exercice in Arpeggios.


To play the Fandango, tune the first string to A, in unison with the fourth string notes on the first string will be the same as on the fourth. See Example


Jig - Same tuning as Fandango



Sunny Sea-Waltz


Exercise-Tremolo Style
Use 1st finger swinging it forward and back over the strings.


The Tremolo is used to sustain a note or notes. Hold the 2nd finger on the instrument near the bridge and swing the first finger rapidly forfard and back over the strings. The chords can all be played Tremolo after a liftle practice.

## Home Sweet Home Waltz

Upper note tremoloed pick other notes staccato with thumb




0 n 4 th string.


Practice the tremolo with Mandolin pick - on notes marked $d$䜤: 目 Juanita
Mandolin style.


## Song and Accompaniment



## CHORUS



Tremolo


Many who have a liking for the popular song will be satisfied when able to play these. They may be played from the vocal score with the fingers or plectrum-mandolin style. The later is the most effective with single notes.' As many of these pieces are written in flat keys - the following scales will be of assistance and as the range of the average popular song is not great they can be easily mastered.


Key of E natural four sharps

An Old Song- Mandolin style


Scale D. Minor


